

How Do I Change Recipes?

Using low-saturated fat, low-cholesterol recipes makes it easier to cook healthful meals. There's a lot you can do with your favorite recipes or everyday meals to control the amount of saturated fat and cholesterol you eat. It's a great way to have your cake and eat it, too!

The American Heart Association Low-Fat, Low-Cholesterol Cookbook has more than 200 delicious, heart-healthy recipes for your whole family. It's available in bookstores and libraries.



How can I substitute low-saturated-fat ingredients?

Whole Milk (1 cup) = 1 cup fat-free or nonfat milk + 1 Tbsp. unsaturated oil.

Heavy Cream (1 cup) = 1 cup evaporated fat-free milk or ½ cup low-fat yogurt and ½ cup plain low-fat cottage cheese.

Sour Cream = Low-fat cottage cheese plus low-fat or nonfat yogurt. Fat-free sour cream is also available.

Cream Cheese = 4 Tbsp. margarine blended with 1 cup dry low-fat cottage cheese. Add a small amount of fat-free milk if needed.

Butter (1 Tbsp.) = 1 Tbsp. polyunsaturated margarine or 1 Tbsp. polyunsaturated oil.

Shortening (1 cup) = 2 sticks polyunsaturated margarine.

Eggs (1 egg) = 1 egg white plus 2 tsp. of unsaturated oil, or use a cholesterol-free egg substitute.

Unsweetened Baking Chocolate (1 oz) = 3 Tbsp. unsweetened cocoa powder or carob powder + 1 Tbsp. polyunsaturated oil or margarine. Carob is sweeter than cocoa, so reduce sugar in recipe by $\frac{1}{4}$.

How can I use vegetable oils?

Use liquid vegetable oils that have no more than 2 grams of saturated fat per tablespoon when cooking requires using fat.

For example:

 To brown lean meats and to pan- or oven-fry fish and skinless poultry.

- To sauté onions and other vegetables for soup.
- In sauces and soups made with fat-free milk.
- In whipped or scalloped potatoes.

- For popping corn.
- In casseroles made with dried peas or beans.
- When cooking dehydrated potatoes and other prepared foods.

How can I reduce sodium?

Eating more sodium (salt) than the body needs can lead to high blood pressure in some people. People with high blood pressure are more likely to develop heart problems or have a stroke.

Limit salt in cooking.

- Use herbs and spices instead of salt.
- When using canned vegetables, drain the liquid and rinse them in water before cooking.
- Read food labels carefully, watching for sodium in the ingredient list.

How can I learn more?

- Talk to your doctor, nurse or health care professional. Or call your American Heart Association at 1-800-242-8721, or the American Stroke Association at 1-888-478-7653.
- If you have heart disease or have had a stroke, members of your family also may be
- at higher risk. It's very important for them to make changes now to lower their risk.
- If you need help with an eating plan, ask your health care professional to recommend a registered dietitian.

Do you have questions or comments for your doctor?

 Take a few minutes to write your own questions 	for the next time you see your doctor. For example
What about eating out?	
_	



